JULY 2023 EBS 303 CLOTHING CONSTRUCTION 30 MINUTES

Candidate's Inde	x Number
	4.
Signature:	

UNIVERSITY OF CAPE COAST COLLEGE OF EDUCATION STUDIES SCHOOL OF EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND OUTREACH INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

COLLEGES OF EDUCATION FOUR-YEAR BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (B.ED) THIRD YEAR, FIRST SEMESTER MID-SEMESTER QUIZ, JULY 2023

28TH JULY 2023

CLOTHING CONSTRUCTION

3:00 PM - 3:30 PM

Answer ALL the questions. (20 MARKS)

For items 1 to 15, each stem is followed by four options lettered A to D. Read each item carefully and circle the letter of the correct or best option.

- 1. Culottes is designed as a short but may differ in this way.
 - A. Fullness introduced to make it look like skirt.
 - B. Has band and opening.
 - C. Longer than shorts.
 - D. Shorter than shorts.
- - A. horsehair.
 - B. interfacing.
 - C. lining.
 - D. netting.
- 3. If you want to camouflage, change the colour or enhance the effect or look of fashion fabric, which underlying fabric would be needed?
 - A. Interfacing
 - B. Interlining
 - C. Lining
 - D. Underlining
- 4. Bodice designs that are asymmetrical are designed to accommodate the full front because
 - A. half bodice cannot exhibit the full features.
 - B. it has more fullness than symmetrical designs.
 - C. it is difficult to sew when placed on a fold.
 - D. it needs more fabric than symmetrical ones.

3.	A. decrease the measurement. B. increase the measurement. C. make the person look fat. D. make the person look slim.
6.	Bust separation measurement is required for
7.	A skirt that is designed with horizontal divisions and may have fullness introduced at each division is termed as
8.	When you take body measurements and compare with that of a pattern, you will be able to determine
9.	When a dart is slashed through during pattern alteration for spreading or lapping, it has to be corrected or redrawn by
10.	When there is more length in a garment skirt than the back requires, the most possible reason is that the
11.	Collar is introduced in garments for all of the following functions except A. gives garment an elegance. B. it frames the face. C. keeps the neck warm. D. makes the neck erect.
12.	The point on a garment where roll collar fold ends at the centre front is called A. break point. B. central point. C. fold end. D. fold point.

	C.	
15.	A. B. C.	sleeve, puff sleeve, bell sleeve, cap sleeve and bishop's sleeve are all examples of
		to 20 are statements followed by True and False options. Read each statement carefully ate whether it is True or False by circling the letter of the correct option.
16.	A.	decreasing a pattern, one has to fold or lap half of the total amount required to take off. True False
17.	be me	n stitches are long, the number within a space would be minimal, and when short there would bre in the same space. True False
18.	A.	line basting is used in construction as permanent stitches. True False
19.	side t	the side seam of a shirt is stitched from the sleeve hem through the underarm to the bodice of the hem it would be using the round method of stitching. True False
20.	fitting	of mutton is a sleeve with fullness introduced only at the upper part with the lower part g. True False

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13. Ease stitching is used for all the following areas for good fit and form **except**

14. When a collar is designed to assume the shape of the neck it is expected to against the

A. back shoulder dart area.B. cap-line of a sleeve.

C. edge of hem of flared garment.D. waistband to be fixed to waistline.

